

Due date: 12.10.2021

The exercises are meant as an invitation to try out different computer algebra systems.<sup>1</sup> Exercise sheets contain problems which have to be solved on a computer from time to time. Furthermore, most projects will contain explicit programming tasks, so it is a good idea to familiarize yourself with a CAS early on.

Here are three of the most popular and user-friendly systems. Any of these will be a perfect choice for the course.

1. Wolfram Mathematica (<https://www.wolfram.com/mathematica/>),
2. SageMath (<https://www.sagemath.org/>); downloadable for free at <http://www.sagemath.org/download.html>,
3. Maple (<https://www.maplesoft.com/products/maple/>).

**Exercise 1.** Consider the following system of equations:

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 + 4x_4 + 5x_5 = 1 \\ 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 + 5x_4 + x_5 = 2 \\ \phantom{2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 +} x_4 + 2x_5 = 3 \\ \phantom{2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 +} 2x_4 + 3x_5 = 4 \\ \phantom{2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 +} 3x_4 + 4x_5 = 5 \end{cases} .$$

Use a CAS of your choice to find all solutions for  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_5$ . In general, how would you solve such a system of linear equations? What are the commands in your CAS required for constructing and solving linear systems?

**Exercise 2.** Use a CAS to compute greatest common divisors (GCDs) in different domains.

1. Compute the GCD of the integers  $a = 33600$ ,  $b = 784080$ , and  $c = 214500$ . Is the number 13860 contained in the ideal  $\langle a, b, c \rangle \subseteq \mathbb{Z}$ ?
2. Compute the GCD of the polynomials  $f, g \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$ , where  $f = 6x^5 + 2x^4 - 19x^3 - 6x^2 + 15x + 9$  and  $g = 5x^4 - 4x^3 + 2x^2 - 2x - 2$ . Is  $\langle f, g \rangle \subseteq \mathbb{Q}[x]$  a proper ideal, i.e. is the ideal different from the entire polynomial ring?

*Hint:* Both  $\mathbb{Z}$  and  $\mathbb{Q}[x]$  are so-called *principal ideal domains*. Every ideal of such a ring is principal, viz. generated by a single element. In our case, the single generator is determined by the GCD of the generating elements.

**Exercise 3.** Consider the polynomial  $f = x^4 + 1 \in \mathbb{F}_p[x]$ , where  $p$  is a prime. Find out how to factor polynomials over finite fields in your favourite CAS and compute the factorization of  $f$  in  $\mathbb{F}_p[x]$  for the first 15 primes.

*Bonus:* How many factors does  $f$  have in  $\mathbb{F}_p[x]$  for a given prime  $p$ ? You should consider the cases  $p = 2, 8k + 1, 8k + 3, 8k + 5, 8k + 7$ , separately. Does  $f$  factor over  $\mathbb{Q}$ ?

<sup>1</sup>In the sequel, we use the abbreviation CAS for computer algebra system.

**Exercise 4.** Consider the polynomial  $f = x^5 - x^4 - 2x^3 + 3x^2 - 2$ . Use a CAS to perform the following tasks:

1. Compute the roots of  $f$  numerically. You have influence on floating point precision if you want to.
2. Plot the graph of the function induced by  $f$ . Choose the plotting interval in such a way that you can “see” the real roots of  $f$ .
3. Compute the roots of  $f$  symbolically. What output does your CAS generate?
4. Repeat these steps for the polynomial  $g = x^5 - x^4 + x^3 - x^2 + x - 2$ .