to be prepared for 18.10.2016

Exercise 6. Compute the GCD of

$$\begin{array}{rcl} f(x) &=& 6x^5+2x^4-19x^3-6x^2+15x+9\\ g(x) &=& 5x^4-4x^3+2x^2-2x-2 \ . \end{array}$$

by a polynomial remainder sequence.

Exercise 7. Prove the following statement. Two nonzero polynomials f(x) and g(x) with coefficients in a unique factorization domain are similar iff they have equal primitive part.

Exercise 8. Let R be commutative ring, R[x] the corresponding polynomial ring. Prove that R[x] is a Euclidean domain if and only if R is a field.

Exercise 9. Compute the pseudo-quotient q(x) and the pseudo-remainder r(x) for the two integral polynomials

$$u(x) = x^{6} + x^{5} - x^{4} + 2x^{3} + 3x^{2} - x + 2 \text{ and } v(x) = 2x^{3} + 2x^{2} - x + 3.$$

Exercise 10. Let R be an integral domain, $a, b \in R[x], b \neq 0, m = \deg(a) \ge n = \deg(b), \alpha, \beta \in R$. Prove:

$$pquot(\alpha a, \beta b) = \beta^{m-n} \alpha \cdot pquot(a, b) \text{ and} prem(\alpha a, \beta b) = \beta^{m-n+1} \alpha \cdot prem(a, b).$$